



U1 ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE OVERVIEW

U1.E5. THE PHILOSOPHICAL PROBLEMS SURROUNDING ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE: ISSUES, CONCERNS AND ETHICAL CONSIDERATIONS

Computer Vision Expert

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The student is able to

CVE.U1.E5.PC1	Recognize and critically understand the issues and ethical concerns surrounding artificial intelligence.
CVE.U1.E5.PC2	Think of ways to solve or diminish those issues and ethical concerns.

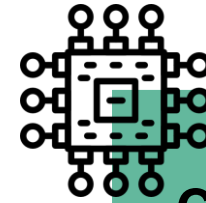
CHALLENGES OF ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE



Data Quality



Black Box Effect



Computing Power



Legal Issues



Integration



Trustability

CHALLENGES OF ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE



**AI-
Human Interaction**



Investment + Cost



Expectations



Ethical Issues



Transparency



Narrow Focus

High Cost

Creation of artificial intelligence requires huge costs as they are very complex machines. Their repair and maintenance require huge costs.

Making Humans Lazy

AI is making humans lazy with its applications automating the majority of the work. Humans tend to get addicted to these inventions which can cause a problem to future generations.

Unemployment

As AI is replacing the majority of the repetitive tasks and other works with robots.

No Emotions

Machines cannot develop a bond with humans which is an essential attribute when it comes to Team Management.

No Original Creativity

This is not the force of AI. While AI can help you design and create, it is no match to the power of thinking that the human brain has or even the originality of a creative mind.

Machines do not Understand Ethics

Morality is absent in a machine, and it is also hard to design and convey through technology.

Privacy and Data protection

- Lack of privacy;
- Misuse of personal data;
- Security problems.

Reliability

- Lack of quality data;
- Lack of accuracy of data;
- Problems of integrity.

Transparency

- Lack of accountability and liability;
- Bias and discrimination;
 - Lack of accuracy of predictive recommendations;
- Lack of accuracy of non-individual recommendations.

Economic Issues

- Disappearance of jobs;
 - Concentration of economic power;
- Cost to innovation.

Justice and fairness

- Contested ownership of data;
 - Lack of access to public services;
- Violation of fundamental human rights of end users in supply chain;
- Negative impact on vulnerable groups.

Safety

- Harm to physical integrity of humans, animals and infrastructures.

Freedom

- Lack of access and freedom of information;
- Loss of human decision-making;
- Loss of freedom and individual autonomy.

Broader societal issues

- Power asymmetries;
- Negative impact on democracy;
 - Lack of informed consent;
 - Lack of trust;
 - Potential for military use;
 - Negative impact on health;
 - Reduction of human contact;
 - Negative impact on environment.

Uncertainty issues

- Unintended, unforeseeable adverse impacts;
- Prioritization of the "wrong" problems;
- Potential for criminal and malicious use.

The term “metaphysical” means the issues that are directly linked to fundamental aspects of reality, of the nature of being and human ability to make sense. Also, they go to the heart of the nature of humans and humanity.

**Machine
consciousness**

"Awakening" of AI

**Autonomous moral
agents**

Super-intelligence

Singularity

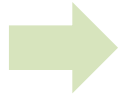
**Changes to human
nature**

In the development phase, technology should meet social and ethical responsibilities, also regulations and certification of autonomous systems have to change.



According to **Susan Etlinger** *"In order for AI technologies to be truly transformative in a positive way, we need a set of ethical norms, standards and practical methodologies to ensure that we use AI responsibly and to the benefit of humanity."*

Transparency



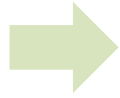
AI developers have an ethical obligation to be transparent in a structured and accessible way. For example, Google (as well as other tech giants) has an AI-specific blog that enables them to spread its AI knowledge to the world.

Explainability



Explanation is required about how the algorithms arrive to predictions to overcome ethical issues that arise with inaccurate predictions or how these algorithms reach a conclusion and what factors affected the decision.

Alignment



There is no legal framework adapted to the recent developments in AI. Modernizing legal frameworks will clarify the path to ethical AI development.

Inclusiveness



Increasing diversity of the AI community is key to improve model quality and reduce bias. This can help solve problems such as unemployment and discrimination which can be caused by automated decision making systems.

- Artificial Intelligence has many challenges such as Data Quality, Integration, Legal Issues, Ethical issues, Transparency and others.
- The ethical issues of machine learning are immediate and the metaphysical are long-term, if not perpetual, questions. The category of issues arising from living in the digital world is located somewhere between.

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This Training Material has been certified according to the rules of **ECQA – European Certification and Qualification Association**.

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Thank you for your attention

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The aim of the Blueprint is **to support an overall sectoral strategy and to develop concrete actions to address short and medium term skills needs.**

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